



Indicative roadmap for operational follow-up on the N'Djamena Declaration in the West Bloc = € 79 565 000							
		20			Estimated	Financing	
Activities	Leaders	20	21	22	budget in €	opportunity	Comments
Outcome 1: A clear and specific multilateral legal framework - and multi-stakeh	older cooperation me	chan	nism	s are	established to	enable the respect	ive law enforcement agencies
and wildlife management institutions to improve regional cooperation betwe	en the national inter-	secto	oral	bodie	s of States con	cerned with transl	ooundary protected areas in
fighting and clamping down on illegal activities= €9,130,000							
1.1. Facilitate/conduct a study on the status and assessment of cooperation	GIZ - OCFSA,				€350,000	BMZ	For Projects implementing
agreements and/or protocols on protected area management and the	COMIFAC and						biodiversity conservation +
fight against transboundary poaching (the study should be conducted in	countries con-						fight against transboundary
the three Blocks)	cerned						poaching (LAB TF)
	TRAFFIC, COMIFAC				€300,000	(GIZ, USFWS,	
1.2. Facilitate transboundary cooperation and information sharing on wildlife	countries con-					INL, USAID,)	
trafficking via the AFRICA-TWIX platform (applies to all three blocs)	cerned						
1.3. Facilitate the signing of bilateral agreements between Nigeria and Came-					€80,000	EU	
roon for transboundary cooperation in biodiversity conservation							
1.4. Develop transboundary cooperation agreements between Cameroon and	WCS, ANI, AWF						
Nigeria (framework-agreements, specific protocols, bilateral MoUs) on	countries con-						
anti-poaching efforts, eco-development and transhumance management.	cerned OCFSA						
1.5. Facilitate the revision and signing of the Moundou Agreement (Cameroon-	IUCN, GIZ, OCFSA				€100,000	BMZ	
Chad) with a focus on the implementation of bilateral technical protocols	countries con-						
(military, police, judiciary)	cerned						
1.6. A data base on large fauna monitoring (elephant killing, the ivory trade) in	WWF, WCS, TRAF-				€700,000	EU	
the PAs of the West Block is established and regularly updated	FIC						
1.7. Design and implement a nationwide large-scale capacity building program					€4,500,000	EU	
in the countries concerned, targeting PA services, police and the judiciary							
sectors of the States concerned, to provide training in techniques for com-	WCS ANI, AWF,						
bating illegal practices, including specific capacity building sessions on the	WWF, GIZ, coun-						
respect of human rights in anti-poaching activities, that are suited to the	tries concerned						
pressures and threats facing PAs.							
	WWF, GIZ, OCFSA,				€800,000	EU:	
1.8. Develop at least three local resources management agreements regarding	COMIFAC, FAO						(Equipment, transboundary
transboundary anti-poaching strategies and facilitate their implementa-	countries con-						checkpoints, logistics and
tion.	cerned						training)





	GIZ, COMIFAC,			€1,500,000	BMZ	The focus is on the imple-
1.9. Large-scale investments are made into implementation of specific proto-	countries con-			, ,		mentation of the Tripartite
cols for LAB and eco-development of BSB Yamoussa.	cerned					LAB strategy + Action Plan.
1.10. Implement three (03) Judicial Cooperation agreements in the CEMAC	GIZ + COMIFAC EC-			€1,800,000	BMZ	
Member States to serve as a basis for the regional framework concerning	CAS, OCFSA, coun-					
inter-states cooperation in criminal matters in Central Africa to ensure ad-	tries concerned,					
equate responses to threats posed by transnational organized crimes	UNODC					
Outcome 2: <u>LAB</u> and TPA management strategies are efficiently implemented by	wildlife managers of	the ni	otect	ed areas concern	ed in line with tra	nshoundary agreements (prod-
uct 11) and specific protocols / f						iisbouildary agreements (prou-
	_					
2.1 Develop and implement management plans and business plans for PAs of	All the partners			€4,000,000	BIOPAMA, EU	
the West Bloc, considering transboundary issues (transhumance, security	and countries con-					
among others).	cerned					
2.2 Develop an intelligence, monitoring and information-sharing system for				€300,000		Transboundary landscapes
the countries in the region to curb wildlife poaching in the West Bloc.						/biosphere Reserves and
2.3 Ease the set up and rehabilitation of infrastructure in transboundary com-				€6,000,000		World Heritage Sites of the
plexes/ biosphere reserves / Word Heritage Sites (roads, offices, outposts,						bloc to be determined by
bridges, runways, etc.)						the partners
2.4 Organize awareness campaigns and distribute the signed agreements in				€100,000		
other countries						
2.5 Facilitate a multi – stakeholders platform concertation to ensure con-	GIZ, FAO			€500,000	BMZ	
sistency between the transboundary Anti-Poaching Projects / programs						
and initiatives in the Block.						
2.6 Conduct feasibility studies for the creation of the Tchabal Mbabo national	ANI, AWF, FAO			€450,000		
park with a clear demarcation of its boundaries and for private sector fi-	countries con-					
nancing of transboundary complexes. Gashaka-Gumti / Faro / Tchabal	cerned					Eco-tourism, REDD+, pro-
Mbabo, Yankari, Mbam Djerem)						cessing and sale of NFTPs,
	ANI, WCS, AWF,			€200,000		
	FAO, countries					
$2.7 \ \ Develop\ networks/committees\ on\ intelligence\ and\ real-time\ technological$	concerned					
and community monitoring of areas surrounding PAs in the West Bloc						





2.8 Develop and implement land use plans that provide grazing areas, migration corridors and other community pastoralist infrastructure (livestock market, vaccination parks, etc.) for transhumant groups as part of conflict prevention, management, and easing measures/mechanisms.	ANI, WCS, AWF, FAO countries con- cerned		€4,000,000	BIOPAMA, EU, BMZ, KFW	Focus on a forest manage- ment system with plant spe- cies that suit Sahelian cli- mates to combat human-in- duced deforestation.
2.9 Develop and implement a transboundary management plan and put to-			€100,000		UNESCO WHS listing will cement transboundary man-
gether an application file for listing of Gashaka-Gumti/Faro/Tchabal Mbabo Complex as UNESCO World Heritage Site.	ANI + AWF				agement of Gashaka Gumti- Faro-Tchabal Mbabo
2.10 Foster the creation of biosphere reserves/World Heritage Sites and Transboundary Protected Areas around protected areas of the West Bloc (management plans/development/ landscape management policy documents with a specific focus on protected areas / LAB strategy along with an action plan.	UNESCO, GIZ UICN		€500,000		
2.11 Establish a coordination office for LABT and encourage the use of monitoring and evaluation tools to assess governance and management efficiency in TPAs/TBRs/WHS of the West Bloc to support LABT	GIZ + IUCN + UNESCO, Coun- tries concerned		€800,000		
2.12 Provide gradually phased out support for LAB Brigades / special units trained in robust LAB techniques are set up, operational and able to cope with all levels of threats posed by poaching and transhumance.	GIZ, IUCN, UNESCO, Coun- tries concerned		€1,300,000		The countries selected should become autonomous in the medium term
2.13 Support the demarcation and establishment of TPAs/TBRs/WHS of the West Bloc	IUCN, UNESCO, Countries con- cerned		€1,500,000	IUCN, UNESCO	
Outcome 3: Transhumance activities are managed within a regulatory frameworl ment of formal and fair economic sectors for all actors (at the local, national and			anagement of r	natural resources o	concerned and to the develop-
3.1 Facilitate a Heads of State summit on security, the fight against poaching, monitoring of transhumance and armed groups circulating between the Sahel and Equatorial Africa	GIZ, ECCAS, CILS CEDEAO, OCFSA COMIFAC, FAO		€1,400,000		
3.2 Develop transhumance incentives and promote a system for counting Ecosystem Services provided by host countries through taxation and indirect taxation	GIZ, UNESCO, FAO, IUCN, AWF, WCS		€4,200,000		





3.3 Collect baseline data on the economic value and distribution of transhumance and evaluate interventions that can boost the economic value of pastoralism, considering sustainability and fairness.	ANI, WCS, AWF, FAO, Concerned countries		€150,000	BIOPAMA	
3.4 Rehabilitate corridors, develop and secure grazing areas to alleviate the pressure on PAs or priority conservation zones.	ANI, AWF, FAO, Concerned coun- tries		€6,100,000		
3.5 Support efforts to promote measures that can generate resources for local development committees	ANI, AWF, FAO, Concerned countries		€200,000		Transboundary complexes (Gashaka-Gumti / Faro / Tchabal Mbabo,
3.6 Studies are conducted to increase knowledge on natural resources and transhumance in its cultural and intercultural context, economic and security aspects are improved with a view to establishing a Participatory Monitoring System (PMS) to monitor transboundary landscape dynamics and transhumance activities within the Bloc.	UNESCO; IUCN; AWF, FAO		€150,000		Study of natural resources, sociological, ecological and cultural study and typological analysis of transhumance and seasonal transhumant movements
3.7 Provide advisory support to State agencies concerned to strengthen intelligence and early warning among forestry, livestock, agriculture and law enforcement administrations.	GIZ, OCFSA, FAO		€1,350,000		
3.8 Participatory spatial land use management using the biosphere reserve model to secure transhumance corridors to ensure peaceful coexistence of the different users of natural resources is carried out.	UNESCO-IUCN, AWF, FAO		€1,800,000	BIOPAMA, EU	Consultation with local actors (the MAB concept and the TBR Creation project)
3.9. Identify interventions - options for restoring transhumance corridors of the West Bloc (Sudan Road- Chad Basin-Niger; Sudan Road - Chad - Cameroon - CAR; South Sudan Road - CAR - Cameroon - Nigeria)			€1,500,000		Stabilize biodiversity degradation, restore pastoralist spaces along transhumance corridors
3.10. Facilitate multi-stakeholder dialogue to promote acceptance and establishment of productive transhumance corridors (feature of the CBLT's Multi-Stakeholder Platform), with a focus on transhumance issues	IUCN; UNESCO, GIZ, FAO		€1,500,000	BIOPAMA, EU	
3.11. Identify and describe local customs and agreements that govern transhumance activities and facilitate the negotiation and signing of nomadic agreements between nomadic transhumant and other major	IUCN, GIZ, AWF, FAO		€1,400,000	BIOPAMA, EU	





users of space to jointly manage village spaces along transhumance									
corridors - conflict reduction or minimization									
3.12.									
Outcome 4: The communication Strategy for targeted protected areas is linked up with <u>a concerted regional COM strategy</u> which promotes Central Africa's transboundary protected areas at national & international levels with the relevant global initiatives = €8,800,000									
	ANI, WCS, AWF,			2	,000,000	BMZ, EU	Engage mobile phone com-		
4.1. Develop a global communication strategy that takes vulnerable and un-	OCFSA GIZ, coun-						panies, influencers, artists,		
derprivileged social groups into account (women, youths, migrants, indige-	tries concerned						high-profile athletes through		
nous peoples)							awareness-raising activities		
4.2 Information/awareness and public relations tools are introduced and operational in key PAs	OFAC			1	.,600,000				
4.3 A regional environmental monitoring system is operational	OFAC						These three activities apply		
4.4 Help formulate technical lobbying documents for global initiatives and the CBFP itself.	OFAC, OCFSA						across all the blocs. The budget includes the other two blocs		
	ANI, WCS, AWF,			1	,200,000		Transboundary blocs of the		
4.5 Provide regular communication and conduct awareness campaigns with	countries con-						West bloc including Gaska		
stakeholders to get them involved in decision-making affecting or related to	cerned						Gumty - Faro - Yankari -		
land use and water management							Mbam and Djerem		
4.6 Organize events throughout the region to inform stakeholders on tech-	All the Partners,			1	,500,000				
nical aspects of agreements.	OCFSA, CILS								
47. Mainstream the digitalization of all the bloc's interventions	GIZ			2	,500,000	BMZ			
Outcome 5: Local and indigenous communities living in and around protected a	areas and other degra	ided s	paces	s impro	ove their live	lihoods by develo	ping value chains of economi-		
cally and financially lucrative agro-pastoral products in the co		t the	local,	nation	nal and sub-re	egional levels) = (11,385,000		
5.1. Promote large scale eco-development considering traditional knowledge	UNESCO – GIZ-			4	,500,000				
of local and indigenous peoples throughout the West Block to enhance the	IUCN; ANI; AWF,						Get communities involved in		
well-being of communities (education, cultures, socio-economic development,	WCS – FAO						protecting natural resources		
food security and development of value chains)							(private sector involvement)		
5.2. Identify degraded land that can be used for agro-pastoralist activities and	GIZ-IUCN-FAO			5	,000,000		Implementation of Bonn		
rehabilitate them							Challenge and AFR100		





5.3. Promote the "One Health" approach tailored to the context and needs of	GIZ-IUCN- FAO		1,700,000		
West Bloc countries					
	FAO		€185,000		This pilot project targets
					three countries (Cameroon,
					DRC, Gabon). Data, innova-
					tive tools and findings of the
					project will be upscaled
					through a comprehensive
5.4. Improve governance of human wildlife conflicts around and outside pro-					project to be developed and
tected areas in Central Africa through revisiting exiting tools and approaches					to cover 8 Congo Basin coun-
and promoting inclusive, adaptative and participative conflict management					tries.
Outcome 6: Closing the loop in mainstreaming Peacebuildin	g in hiodiversity conse	ervation ar	nd transhoundary t	ranshumance = £ °	10 750 000
Outcome of closing the loop in mainstreaming reaces and in	Peace Nexus,	- Vacion ai	50 000		Many PAs are embroiled in
	COMIFAC, GIZ		30 000		ongoing military conflicts
6.1. Conduct a research to outline the links between Protected Areas, trans-	CEDEAO/CILSS				and civil unrest through
boundary transhumance and peace/conflict to design a framework and guide-	CLDL/ (O) CILSS				their use as bases for com-
lines for the Peacebuilding component which will feature on the Country In-					batants or refugee camps in
vestment Programs for the West Block.					post-conflict settings
6.2. Support Governments and decision makers: (Members of local, regional,	GIZ, Concerned		750 000		The (mis)management of
national and international governing bodies) to formulate and implement Poli-	Countries		70000		Pas by armed groups which
cies related to conflict and peacebuilding associated with protected areas					can become both a cause
die related to commet and peacestanding accessated man protested around					and symptom of insecurity.
	GIZ, Concerned		1 000 000		It's paramount to draw on
6.3. Assist the West Block Countries, UN peacekeeping agencies, Peace build-	Countries				the ECCAS, ECOWAS and the
ing organizations and development agencies, to map out the best way to use					AU Programs /Policies/ and
the existing national and regional agreements on peace and conflict between					agreements between mem-
countries within in their areas of operations					bers countries
1	Peace Nexus, AWF		3,000,000	PeaceNexus,	The actors are civil society
6.3. Promote unarmed or 'soft' approaches to conflict prevention, manage-			,,3	EU, BMZ	groups, NGOs, departments
ment and resolution both to end war and to build just, sustainable societies				Í	in bilateral assistance agen-
that resolve conflicts nonviolently through: education and training in conflict					cies, UN agencies, and re-
analysis and mediation, dispatching civilian peace monitors to conflict zones,					gional organizations.





and designing conflict-sensitive reconstruction & development programs, to					
convening informal negotiations between communities or governments.					
6.4. Promote multi-culturalism and traditional knowledge as a tool of peace-	PeaceNexus, AWF		500,000	PeaceNexus,	supportive policies that con-
making, to resolve and achieve a political resolution to existing ethnic con-				EU, BMZ	tribute to conservation and
flicts, farmer – transhumant conflicts and security related conflicts					peace-building goals
6.5. Promote the environmental peacemaking (Transboundary Peace Parks) to	GIZ, Concerned PA		3 000 000		
ensure that environmental cooperation have positive spin-offs for peace	& Countries				
6.7 Build capacity of PA managers/staff in conflict analysis including early	AWF, Garoua,		250,000	PeaceNexus,	This activity should be ex-
warning system and assist them in conflict management and resolution pro-				EU,BMZ	tended to all PA of the block
cesses					located in conflict zones
	PeaceNexus, All		200,000	PeaceNexus,	Support PA managers to de-
6.8. Promote Peace and Conflict Impact Assessments (PCIAs) of PAs situated in	Partners			BMZ, EU	sign activities which contrib-
conflict zones and conflict sensitivity component into PA design and manage-					ute to minimize conflict risks
ment plans so as to feed into post-conflict reconstruction and peacebuilding					and maximize peacebuilding
programs for PA situated in conflicts zones					opportunities
6.9 . Secure financial and technical assistance in PAs during times of social un-	All Donors		2 000 000		
rest and conflict.					

N.B.: The West bloc has the highest number of protected areas (20) and biosphere reserves (6), more than the other two blocs as well as a dozen partners who are already active in various sites. It would be advisable to establish a structure to coordinate the partners' interventions in this bloc and ensure that activities are implemented in conjunction with the partners in specific areas of intervention. The total estimated budget is: \leq 79 565 000

West Bloc - centered around Lake Chad and comprising Cameroon, Niger, Nigeria, the CAR and Chad:

West Bloc Leader: GIZ BSB Yamoussa; Co-Leaders: WCS; AWF; UNESCO; IUCN; TRAFFIC; Africa Nature Investors (ANI); FAO; WWF; OCFSA; COMIFAC; ECCAS; IGAD.

The West Bloc is subdivided into transboundary landscapes, comprising: The Lake Chad Basin area and the following countries: Cameroon, Niger, Nigeria, CAR and Chad

West bloc Leader: GIZ BSB Yamoussa; Co-Leaders: WCS; AWF; UNESCO; IUCN; TRAFIC; ANI; FAO; WWF; OCFSA; COMIFAC; ECCAS; IGAD.